

**RURAL DISTRICT OF TADCASTER**



# **ANNUAL REPORT**

## **1970**

**MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH &**

**CHIEF PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR**



# TADCASTER RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL

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## VICE-CHAIRMAN

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## MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

W. Duncan Dolton

## CHIEF PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR

George Roebuck



ANNUAL REPORT  
OF THE  
MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH  
1970

TO THE CHAIRMAN AND COUNCILLORS:

The presentation of this Report remains similar to that in previous years. In this preface some of the more important points are discussed.

THE BIRTH RATE AND MIDWIFERY

There was a slight rise in the total number of live births in the Division in 1970: these were 2498 as compared with 2465 in 1969. This goes against the previous national trend of a slightly lower birth rate in each year since 1966. However, at the beginning of 1970 there was a slight rise in the first quarter in live births nationally which was thought to be due to two factors: first, to the worry that women had about the use of the pill, caused by the adverse publicity given to this medicament in the second half of 1969, which led to many turning to less reliable forms of contraception; second, some people think that the mild influenza epidemic in the early part of 1969 may have postponed the conception of some babies because of the illness affecting their parents.

Locally however, the midwifery services of the Division have been over-stretched, and the rise in births early in the year caused considerable difficulty. For some years the maternity units have practiced the early discharge of mothers from hospital; many return home within 48 hours of the child's birth, others between the second and the fifth day. Until the end of the 1950's it was customary for most mothers to stay in hospital for ten days after the delivery of the child. The new policy has meant that more babies are being delivered in hospital, so in Division 9, the number of hospital births increased from 1392 in 1965 to 1948 in 1970. In spite of this the total nursing load increased because mothers required supervision during the antenatal period and during that part of the lying-in-period remaining after their discharge from hospital.

YEAR	1965	1970
Domiciliary births	926	587
Hospital births:		
Discharged - 48 hours	200	475
48 hours to 5 days	242	601
6th to 10th day	203	272
TOTAL	645	1348

Thus the total born at home plus those discharged early after being born in hospital rose from 1571 in 1965 to 1935 in 1970.

At the same time the number of midwives fell from 21 in 1965 to 17 in 1970. This difficult situation was being tackled vigorously at the end of the year by the County and Divisional Staff.

FAMILY PLANNING

In 1970 it was possible to open one family planning clinic at Swillington as a direct service run by the County Council for the mothers in the area. The clinic was opened on the 1st August, and a second one was planned to open in Rothwell at the beginning of 1971. The demand for family planning advice is increasing very greatly, and more parents are seeking skilled professional help with this matter than previously. Because of this the number of clinics and other family planning services in the Division will have to be increased in the immediate future.

GERIATRIC SCREENING CLINICS

One problem that has concerned many people greatly over the last few years is the large number of elderly people, who, either do not enjoy life to the full, or who are seriously limited in their activities, or who are



isolated because of minor physical illness. In an attempt to undertake some work on their behalf Geriatric Screening Clinics were started in the middle of 1970 at the following places:-

Bishopthorpe  
Micklefield  
Sherburn-in-Elmet  
Tadcaster  
Wetherby  
Woodlesford

Garforth  
Kirkhamgate  
Methley  
Oulton  
Rothwell  
Wrenthorpe

They were based on the Old People's Clubs and Darby and Joan Clubs where people volunteered to be seen by the doctors. This was a pilot scheme in the area and the evaluation of early results is proceeding. However it appears likely that a small amount of illness that required treatment was being found amongst, what was in fact, the fittest part of the elderly population. It raises the question as to how much untreated illness exists in the people who are unable to attend clubs.

#### DEVELOPMENT ASSESSMENT

At the other end of life advances were also made during 1970. For many years doctors and Psychologists have been studying how children grow and develop. From this work a number of tests have been evolved to measure the child's level of maturity, and whether his progress is keeping pace with what would be expected for an ordinary child. A group of tests were, therefore, brought together for use by the health visitors in screening clinics, to see how normally each child under their care was developing. Where a child did not come up to the expected level of development he was referred to a doctor for further specialised examination to make sure that there was no underlying handicap or disability preventing his normal progress. In this way it is hoped to achieve two things. First, to arrange treatment early for those children who require remedial help for their handicap, and second, to ensure that the parents get adequate advice on the upbringing of a handicapped child, and information about the services available from the Social Services, the Education Departments and voluntary bodies.

The work in Division 9 acted as a pilot scheme for the whole County and towards the end of 1970 a general County scheme was devised which took account of the experience in this division. The final County scheme differed in some respects from that originally introduced here, the modifications reflecting some of the problems the staff had encountered. Plans were being made, towards the end of 1970, to bring into operation early in 1971 the modified County scheme. The medical and nursing staff find this work of great interest. Much benefit is already beginning to accrue to that small proportion of children who prove to have a handicap which either needs treatment or about which their parents need advice. As with the scheme for geriatric screening this work is undertaken in co-operation with the family doctors.

#### RUBELLA VACCINATION

During 1970 vaccination against rubella was introduced under a scheme organised by the Department of Health and Social Security. The early uptake of this vaccination was relatively small in this Division, and was hampered by a temporary shortage of supplies. The shortage of supplies was very quickly put right, and towards the end of the year a scheme was launched to reactivate interest in this procedure.

#### CONCLUSION

In concluding the preface to this report I must pay a tribute to two doctors who served the Division until 1970. Dr. Dolton was Divisional Medical Officer from 1967 to 8th November, 1970, when he moved to Cheshire as First Deputy County Medical Officer. He is a man of outstanding drive and ability, to whom the district councils constituting Division 9 and the County services in the area owe a great deal. In much of this Annual Report I am merely acting as recording angel for the work done by Dr. Dolton.

In addition, Dr. Samuel Brock, who had been Deputy Divisional Medical Officer from 1968 to the middle of 1970 was promoted as Divisional Medical Officer for Division 18 of the West Riding. He was a very able deputy to Dr. Dolton and gave very close support in all the new schemes that Dr. Dolton introduced. I am sure that the district councils would like to wish both these able doctors well in their new sphere of activity.

May I conclude my report by thanking the District Councils and their Officers for their help and support in the short time that I have had the privilege of being Acting Medical Officer for this Area.

H.W.S. FRANCIS

ACTING MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

TABLE I  
PRINCIPAL VITAL STATISTICS FOR THE YEAR 1970

	Garforth Urban District	Rothwell Urban District	Stanley Urban District	Tadcaster Rural District	Wetherby Rural District	Divisional Totals
Population (Mid-year 1970)	22,260	27,660	19,990	33,800	32,710	136,420
Live Births:						
Total	619	453	381	556	489	2,498
Legitimate	599	431	367	527	460	2,384
Illegitimate	20	22	14	29	29	114
Stillbirths	9	6	2	7	10	34
Deaths of Infants:						
Legitimate	15	5	6	8	7	41
Illegitimate	-	2	-	1	-	3
Under one week	11	2	4	3	3	23
Under four weeks	11	4	4	4	5	28
Total under one year	15	7	6	9	7	44
Deaths (All causes)	222	394	199	356	256	1,427

CRUDE AND ADJUSTED RATES

Live Births	27.8	16.4	19.1	16.4	14.9	18.3
Live Births (Adjusted)	24.5	16.7	18.9	16.4	16.7	-
Illegitimate Births per 1000 live births	32.3	48.6	36.7	52.1	59.3	45.6
Deaths (All causes)	10.0	14.2	10.0	10.5	7.8	10.5
Deaths (Adjusted)	14.5	11.5	11.5	12.4	10.4	-
Maternal Mortality	-	-	-	1.78	-	0.39
Stillbirths	14	13	5	12	20	13.4
Perinatal Mortality	32	17	16	18	26	22.5
Neo-Natal Mortality	18	9	10	7	10	11.2
Early Neo-Natal Mortality (under 1 week)	18	4	10	5	6	9.8
Infant Mortality						
All infants per 1000 live births	24	15	16	16	14	17.6
Legitimate infants per 1000 legitimate live births	25	12	16	15	15	17.2
Illegitimate infants per 1000 illegitimate live births	-	9.9	-	34.5	-	26.3
Tuberculosis - respiratory	-	-	-	-	-	-
Tuberculosis - other	0.09	-	-	-	-	0.01
Tuberculosis all forms	0.09	-	-	-	-	0.01
Cancer (all forms)	1.30	2.13	2.05	2.28	1.44	1.85
Vascular lesions of the nervous system	1.39	3.00	1.75	1.51	1.22	1.76
Heart and Circulatory Disease	4.22	4.66	3.65	3.55	3.33	3.85
Respiratory	1.57	1.99	1.30	1.72	0.70	1.44

Comparability Factors:

Births	0.88	1.02	0.99	1.00	1.12
Deaths	1.45	0.81	1.16	1.18	1.33

All the maternal mortality, stillbirth and peri-natal mortality rates are per 1000 live and stillbirths

# DIVISIONAL VITAL STATISTICS

The National Birth Rate continues to fall, being 17.2 per thousand inhabitants in 1967 and 16.0 in the year under review. The Divisional Birth Rate, while higher than the national average, has fallen from 18.9 in 1967 to 18.3. There are considerable differences between the five districts comprising the Division, even when adjusted for the average age of the population (see Table 1). These range from 24.5 in Garforth to 16.4 in Tadeaster.

## TABLE 2

### RECORD OF DEATHS IN AGE GROUPS 1970

	GARFORTH URBAN DISTRICT			ROTHWELL URBAN DISTRICT			STANLEY URBAN DISTRICT			TADCASTER RURAL DISTRICT			WETHERBY RURAL DISTRICT		
	M	F	Total	M	F	Total	M	F	Total	M	F	Total	M	F	Total
Under 1 year	7	8	15	4	3	7	4	2	6	6	3	9	3	4	7
1 - 4 years	3	-	3	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2
5 - 14 years	1	1	2	-	2	2	-	1	1	-	1	1	-	-	-
15 - 24 years	2	-	2	2	1	3	2	1	3	3	2	5	2	-	2
25 - 34 years	2	2	4	5	1	6	2	-	2	2	4	6	3	-	3
35 - 44 years	4	2	6	6	3	9	-	2	2	5	1	6	6	1	7
45 - 54 years	10	6	16	10	12	22	11	3	14	17	7	24	3	7	10
55 - 64 years	26	9	35	35	20	55	19	16	35	39	24	63	23	9	32
65 - 74 years	38	28	66	59	43	102	40	27	67	58	44	102	40	26	66
75 and over	24	49	73	70	117	187	34	35	69	57	83	140	53	74	127
	117	105	222	191	203	394	112	87	199	187	169	356	135	121	256

The National Death Rate has varied a little, being 11.2 in 1967 and 11.7 in 1970. Table 2 which shows the age at death, serves to emphasise the quality of child care today. It is not until late middle age that the death rate becomes appreciable.

## TABLE 3

### CAUSES OF DEATH, 1970

	GARFORTH URBAN DISTRICT		ROTHWELL URBAN DISTRICT		STANLEY URBAN DISTRICT		TADCASTER RURAL DISTRICT		WETHERBY RURAL DISTRICT	
	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
Enteritis and other diarrhoeal diseases	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
Late effects of respiratory Tuberculosis	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Meningococcal infection	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Syphilis and its sequelae	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
Malignant neoplasm: Buccal cavity etc.	-	-	2	1	2	-	-	-	2	1
Oesophagus	-	-	1	-	1	1	3	1	1	1
Stomach	4	6	3	1	4	2	3	3	3	3
Intestine	2	2	5	5	2	3	6	1	2	2
Larynx	-	-	1	-	1	-	2	-	-	1
Lung, Bronchus	2	-	13	2	6	1	16	6	7	1
Breast	-	4	-	3	-	3	-	6	-	3
Uterus	-	-	-	3	-	1	-	1	-	2
Carried Forward	9	14	26	15	17	12	30	18	15	14



Table 3 - Continued

	GARFORTH URBAN DISTRICT		ROTHWELL URBAN DISTRICT		STANLEY URBAN DISTRICT		TADCASTER RURAL DISTRICT		WETHERBY RURAL DISTRICT	
	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
Brought forward	9	14	26	15	17	12	30	18	15	14
Malignant Neoplasm: Prostate	-	-	2	-	1	-	2	-	2	-
Leukaemia	-	-	-	2	1	1	3	2	-	1
Other	3	6	7	8	4	7	10	12	8	7
Benign and unspecified neoplasms	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
Diabetes Mellitus	2	1	-	5	-	2	-	2	2	1
Other endocrine etc. diseases	1	-	1	1	-	-	1	-	-	-
Anaemias	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-
Other diseases of blood etc.	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
Mental disorders	-	-	3	8	-	-	-	-	-	1
Multiple Sclerosis	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1
Other diseases of nervous system	2	-	7	1	-	1	2	1	1	1
Meningitis	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
Chronic rheumatic heart disease	3	3	1	1	-	3	1	3	1	1
Hypertensive disease	1	3	4	3	4	-	2	3	-	3
Ischaemic heart disease	42	25	54	44	35	9	49	39	41	27
Other forms of heart disease	4	3	5	13	8	5	5	8	9	11
Cerebrovascular disease	12	19	31	52	11	24	24	27	14	26
Other diseases of circulatory system	6	4	2	2	5	4	6	4	9	7
Influenza	2	2	-	1	-	-	1	1	-	-
Pneumonia	4	5	4	16	2	3	14	16	4	6
Bronchitis and Emphysema	13	5	22	11	12	5	11	7	8	1
Asthma	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	1
Other diseases of respiratory system	2	2	1	-	2	2	2	4	1	2
Peptic Ulcer	-	-	2	-	-	1	-	2	3	1
Appendicitis	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Intestinal obstruction and hernia	1	-	-	1	-	1	1	1	2	1
Other diseases of digestive system	-	-	3	3	-	-	-	2	-	-
Cirrhosis of liver	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Hyperplasia of prostate	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-
Nephritis and Nephrosis	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	1	1
Other diseases, genito-urinary system	-	1	1	3	2	1	1	-	1	1
Other complications of pregnancy etc.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-
Diseases of musculo-skeletal system	1	1	-	3	-	-	-	4	-	-
Congenital anomalies	3	1	1	3	-	2	1	1	1	1
Birth injury, difficult labour etc.	1	4	1	-	3	-	1	1	-	1
Other causes of perinatal mortality	1	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-
Symptoms and ill-defined conditions	-	-	-	1	-	2	2	2	-	-
Motor vehicle accidents	2	1	3	-	1	-	7	2	5	1
All other accidents	1	2	3	3	-	1	4	1	4	2
Suicide and self-inflicted injuries	1	1	3	2	-	1	3	-	1	-
All other external causes	-	1	-	-	2	-	1	-	-	-
TOTALS	117	105	191	203	112	87	187	169	135	121

The causes of death are shown in Table 3, cancer and diseases of the heart and circulation accounting for the great majority of deaths. There were 54 deaths from lung cancer (44 male, 10 female) and whilst we do not know how many were smokers, on statistical grounds they were forty times more likely to be smokers than non-smokers.

TABLE 4  
INFANT MORTALITY IN 1970  
Deaths from stated causes under one year of age

CAUSE OF DEATH	Under 1 week	1 - 2 weeks	2 - 3 weeks	3 - 4 weeks	Total under 1 month	1 - 3 months	3 - 6 months	6 - 9 months	9 - 12 months	Total under 1 year
1. Prematurity	2	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	2
2. Congenital Abnormalities										
(a) C.N.S.	1	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	2
(b) C.V.S.	1	-	1	-	2	-	-	-	1	3
(c) Other	3	1	2	-	6	-	2	2	-	10
3. Infection										
(a) Respiratory	12	1	-	-	13	3	2	2	-	20
(b) Alimentary	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	1
(c) Other	-	-	1	-	1	1	1	-	-	3
4. Haemorrhage	2	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	2
5. Asphyxia										
(a) Inhalation of vomit	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
	22	2	4	-	28	5	5	5	1	44

Table 4 shows the causes of death of the 44 children who died in the first year of life, 28 dying during the first 4 weeks. The mortality rate of 17.6 is slightly below the national average of 18.2 per thousand live births. Respiratory infections have been the most common cause of infant deaths.

TABLE 5  
INFECTIOUS DISEASES NOTIFIED DURING THE YEAR 1970

DISEASE		Total all ages 1968	Total all ages 1969	Total all ages 1970	Under 1 year	1 - 4 years	5 - 14 years	15 - 45 years	46 - 64 years	Over 65 years	Age Unknown
GARFORTH U.D.	Measles	54	4	121	12	66	43	-	-	-	-
	Scarlet Fever	10	11	21	-	12	9	-	-	-	-
	Food Poisoning	3	3	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-
	Whooping Cough	13	4	25	2	13	10	-	-	-	-
	Infective Hepatitis	-	1	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-
ROTHWELL U.D.	Measles	141	18	374	20	175	171	7	1	-	-
	Dysentery	107	13	8	-	3	3	1	1	-	-
	Scarlet Fever	24	34	18	-	5	12	1	-	-	-
	Meningococcal Infection	3	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
	Food Poisoning	3	3	3	-	-	-	3	-	-	-
	Whooping Cough	32	16	13	1	9	3	-	-	-	-
	Infective Hepatitis	9	26	20	-	5	7	6	1	1	-
STANLEY U.D.	Measles	99	11	146	7	87	52	-	-	-	-
	Dysentery	8	1	6	-	2	1	3	-	-	-
	Scarlet Fever	12	18	6	-	1	5	-	-	-	-
	Meningococcal Infection	1	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
	Whooping Cough	1	6	16	-	9	7	-	-	-	-
	Infective Hepatitis	5	11	3	-	-	1	-	-	1	1
TADCASTER R.D.	Measles	395	129	292	14	140	136	2	-	-	-
	Dysentery	3	9	4	-	1	2	1	-	-	-
	Scarlet Fever	7	42	4	-	-	2	2	-	-	-
	Meningococcal Infection	1	-	2	-	-	-	2	-	-	-
	Whooping Cough	7	2	21	1	7	13	-	-	-	-
	Typhoid	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
	Infective Hepatitis	15	29	9	-	1	3	4	-	1	-
WETHERBY R.D.	Measles	395	33	193	9	95	82	5	-	-	2
	Dysentery	24	5	4	-	-	2	2	-	-	-
	Scarlet Fever	16	45	3	-	1	1	1	-	-	-
	Whooping Cough	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
	Infective Hepatitis	1	4	3	-	-	1	1	-	-	1

TABLE 6  
TUBERCULOSIS - NEW CASES NOTIFIED 1970

AGE	GARFORTH U.D.				ROTHWELL U.D.				STANLEY U.D.				TADCASTER R.D.				WETHERBY R.D.			
	Pulmonary		Non-Pulmonary		Pulmonary		Non-Pulmonary		Pulmonary		Non-Pulmonary		Pulmonary		Non-Pulmonary		Pulmonary		Non-Pulmonary	
	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
15-19 years	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20-24 years	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
25-34 years	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
45-54 years	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
55-64 years	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	1	1	-	-
65 and over	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
TOTALS	3	-	2	1	1	1	-	-	2	-	1	-	1	1	1	-	1	1	-	2

18 new cases of tuberculosis were notified during the year, 11 of these being pulmonary cases. This shows a decline in notifications, the figure for 1969 being 18 new cases of pulmonary tuberculosis. B.C.G. vaccination of school children has continued and in 1970, of 1450 children offered testing and vaccination, 85.5% (1233) accepted the invitation and after testing 1046 children were vaccinated against tuberculosis.

Table 7 shows the number of cases on the Tuberculosis Registers at the end of the year.

TABLE 7

DISTRICT	PULMONARY		NON-PULMONARY	
	MALES	FEMALES	MALES	FEMALES
Garforth Urban	22	21	4	4
Rothwell Urban	54	28	13	3
Stanley Urban	4	12	3	1
Tadcaster Rural	31	18	5	5
Wetherby Rural	15	17	4	7
	126	96	29	20

## PERSONAL HEALTH SERVICES

From the following table will be seen the number of deliveries at home and in hospital for the five districts which comprise the Division. It will be noted considerable differences between the percentages of home confinements persists. It speaks well for the care of the domiciliary midwives that the infant mortality rates are what they are.

TABLE 8

DISTRICT	DOMICILIARY DELIVERIES		HOSPITAL DELIVERIES		PERCENTAGE OF DOMICILIARY DELIVERIES	
	1969	1970	1969	1970	1969	1970
Garforth Urban	160	197	419	431	20.8	31.2
Rothwell Urban	111	102	351	357	24.0	22.4
Stanley Urban	136	121	264	262	34.0	31.6
Tadcaster Rural	120	114	457	449	20.8	20.2
Wetherby Rural	66	50	421	449	13.6	10.0
	593	584	1912	1948	23.6	23.0

The responsibility for the care of the baby becomes that of the Health Visitor on the eleventh day. During the year Health Visitors visited 12,358 children under the age of five years. Inter alia they visited 1,183 persons aged 65 years or over excluding domestic help visits, and gave Health Education as appropriate to all sections of the community.

9 Case Conferences of field workers were called during the year to discuss 12 families where concern had been expressed about children neglected or ill-treated in their own homes.

During the year there was continued expansion of playgroups and at the end of the year the number of registered groups was 41. In addition there were 62 registered child minders.

**CARE OF THE SCHOOL CHILD** - The number of pupils attending schools in the Division as at 30th September 1970, was 22,219 and of this number 3,329 pupils received a full medical examination. The physical condition of 9 pupils was considered unsatisfactory by the school doctor. School Nurses undertook 37,681 cleanliness inspections and found 283 pupils to be infested.

While the family doctor assumes the greater responsibility for the care of the general health of the school child, the School Medical Service concentrates on those defects liable to have a detrimental effect on education, and the most readily ascertained defects are those of vision and hearing. 973 children were treated for errors of refraction (including squint) and 303 children had spectacles prescribed. 36 children were known to be in school with hearing aids. This number includes 30 pupils at Bridge House Special School. 2,985 6/7 year olds were routinely tested for hearing and 77 of these were referred for investigation. Some children fail to benefit from school because of a physical defect, others do not do so because of limited intelligence. Children who have neither physical or mental defect may also not get on well at school and it is often found that they have an emotional problem. 96 children were treated at Child Guidance Clinics held in Rothwell and Tadcaster.

**CARE OF THE MENTALLY SUBNORMAL AND MENTALLY ILL** - The two Senior Mental Welfare Officers and four Mental Welfare Officers who work within the Division have continued to be fully occupied. Cases are mainly referred from



hospitals, Consultant Psychiatrists and family doctors although there are a few self referrals. Members of the public are again urged to get in touch with these officers if they have serious doubts about their own mental stability or of their relatives and friends.

CARE OF THE AGED - An increasing proportion of the Home Nurse's time is spent in caring for the aged. A total of 70,005 visits were paid by Home Nurses during the year of which visits no less than 44,480 were to the aged. Chiropody is widely available throughout the Division at 42 centres. 2,439 patients received 11,621 treatments and of these 224 patients received 677 treatments at home.

Home Helps do not exclusively care for the elderly but the vast majority of the hours worked is spent with those aged 65 or over. A total of 173,676 hours were worked by 335 part-time Home Helps. A summary of cases and hours worked is given below.

CLASS OF CASE	No. OF CASES	HOURS SERVICE
Maternity	31	706
Chronic Sick (under 65)	71	11,241
Chronic Sick (over 65)	1,079	159,170
Others	25	2,559

The incontinent pad service continues to be widely used and is much appreciated.

VACCINATION AND IMMUNISATION - The number of children vaccinated or immunised can be seen from tables 9,10,and 11.

TABLE 9

### VACCINATION AND IMMUNISATION

Primary Immunisation Course	Children born in year					Total
	1970	1969	1968	1967	Pre-1967	
Poliomyelitis	22	1510	430	12	23	1997
Diphtheria	22	1504	427	8	12	1973
Pertussis	22	1500	424	8	3	1957
Tetanus	22	1504	427	8	27	1988

TABLE 10

Re-inforcing Doses	Children born in year:					Total
	1970	1969	1968	1967	Pre-1967	
Poliomyelitis	2	39	62	13	494	610
Diphtheria	2	33	59	15	512	621
Pertussis	2	34	54	9	99	198
Tetanus	2	33	62	21	693	811

TABLE II  
SMALLPOX VACCINATION

Age at date of Vaccination	Number of persons vaccinated (or re-vaccinated during year)	
	Number vaccinated	Number re-vaccinated
0 - 3 months	3	-
3 - 6 months	-	-
6 - 9 months	7	-
9 -12 months	7	-
1 year	1301	-
2 - 4 years	239	27
5 -14 years	53	39
TOTAL	1610	66

#### SANITARY CIRCUMSTANCES

A comprehensive statement of the sanitary circumstances of the area will be found in the report of the Chief Public Health Inspector.



# TADCASTER RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL

## ANNUAL REPORT

of the

## CHIEF PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR

for the year

1970

Council Offices,  
TADCASTER.

To: THE RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL OF TADCASTER

Mr. Chairman, Lady and Gentlemen,

I have pleasure in presenting my Annual Report on the work of the Public Health Inspector's Department for the year 1970.

During the year there has been steady progress in all aspects of work in the Department. This is due to the staff complement being maintained throughout the year and the helpful understanding of the Department's problems which has been evinced by the Chairman and members of the Committee.

Mr. S. Clements has completed his first full year of service with the Department as Additional Public Health Inspector and has shown himself to be an asset.

Mr. W. Kober and Mr. J. Kain have given valuable service as Authorised Meat Inspectors, the greater part of their time being spent in inspection at the Bacon Factory.

Mrs. S.E. Chilton has completed her first full years service with the Department as Typist/Clerk and has proved herself to be very efficient. I particularly wish to mention that her ready understanding of the Incentive Bonus Scheme for Refuse Collection, the speed and accuracy with which she daily processes the refuse collection round Bonus Sheets has in no small way been contributory to the success of the Scheme.

Mr. S. Kendall the pupil Inspector has completed another year of his sandwich course leading to the Public Health Inspector's Diploma and will be sitting the final examination mid 1971.

Mr. N.H. Parkinson, my deputy, has given a further valuable years service and I consider myself fortunate to have the support of an energetic young man of his calibre.

### REFUSE COLLECTION AND DISPOSAL

The most important aspect of this work during the year has been the implementation of the Work Study Bonus Incentive Scheme for Refuse Collection. This started for a trial period at the beginning of June and was accepted by the men and Trade Union in September.

The Scheme has so far worked well, a weekly collection service has been maintained. The establishment of men has been reduced from 36 to 27 and the vehicle establishment from 10 to 8, that is 6 in service and 2 spare.

The Vehicle Maintenance Depot which was established in the building at the rear of the Council Offices in February has been a very worth while project. All the refuse collection vehicles have been brought up to a high standard of mechanical fitness and it is now possible to maintain the standard with a minimum loss of time to collection crews. The Depot is also undertaking maintenance of vehicles used by the Engineers and Surveyors Department.

During the year three new refuse collection vehicles were purchased, the fleet is now in good condition and adequate to its task.

## HOUSING DUTIES

Steady progress has been made in this field during the year. Most of the houses which were subject of Demolition Orders in Tadcaster parishes have now been demolished.

One small Clearance Order in Lotherton was confirmed by the Ministry.

The rescue of houses by means of Improvement and Standard Grants continues, but in spite of increased financial assistance afforded under the Housing Act, 1969 the number of houses improved was less than the previous year.

A number of Qualification Certificates have been <sup>utilised</sup> ~~applied~~ for during the year, so far they have only been applied for where the standard amenities were already in existence. The incentive to owners of rented houses has not during the year stimulated the carrying out of improvements consequent upon the possible rent increase.

## FOOD HYGIENE

The supervision of the manufacture, preparation, storage and sale of foodstuffs is an important duty of the Department.

It was found necessary to prosecute two persons carrying on food businesses for contraventions of the Food Hygiene Regulations.

The main danger in this field lies in the ignorance of many people employed in the food industry. Generally they receive no proper training and are unaware of the dangers to which they may be exposing the public in unhygienic practices.

It has been found that there is an increasing tendency in the district to mix in one premises the sale of greengrocery with such products as meat and cooked meats. This is most unsatisfactory, unless the premises are large enough to enable both types of foodstuffs to be well apart and handled by different assistants on different scales and equipment.

The practice of serving meals in licensed premises also appears to be increasing. More attention in future must be paid to the adequacy of facilities at these establishments for preparing food for sale to the public.

Several complaints were received and investigated concerning unsound food. Action was taken in all cases and in one case successful prosecution was instituted.

Brucellosis. It was again found necessary to carry out much detailed follow up work to ensure the removal of cows secreting Brucella Abortus from a herd, the milk of which was being sold raw.

I am,,

Your obedient servant,

GEORGE ROEBUCK,

Chief Public Health Inspector.



## TADCASTER RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL

TABLE I - 1970

The table given below indicates in parish order several of the main details relating to the statistical and sanitary circumstances of the district as follows:-

	Area Acres	Census 1961	No. of dwellings	R.V..	Houses with piped water	Sewage Disposal
Aberford	1580	836	354	21122	353	Yes
Acaster Malbis	1874	271	68	6448	68	Part
Acaster Selby	1542	55	17	623	17	No
Appleton Roebuck	2914	345	187	7548	187	Yes
Askham Bryan	2005	432	284	35379	284	Yes
Askham Richard	982	227	54	4028	54	No
Austhorpe	302	120	33	1822	33	No
Barkston Ash	1168	247	96	6557	96	Yes
Barwick-in-Elmet	4775	3087	1918	137826	1918	Yes
Biggin	718	83	26	862	26	No
Bilbrough	1447	198	100	9564	100	Yes
Bishopthorpe	705	1263	1003	65088	1003	Yes
Bolton Percy	2334	218	102	3999	102	Yes
Catterton	742	39	10	407	10	No
Church Fenton	1977	652	235	15631	235	Yes
Colton	1208	155	50	2868	50	Yes
Copmanthorpe	1658	1027	454	33574	454	Yes
East Tadcaster	578	2068	748	46818	729	Yes
Great and Little Preston	1039	1078	377	28326	377	Yes
Grimston	888	31	14	1410	14	Yes
Healaugh	2771	225	70	3461	70	Yes
Huddleston-with-Newthorpe	1572	102	38	3382	36	No
Kirkby Wharfe	1239	82	33	1474	33	No
Lead	1057	37	9	332	9	No
Little Fenton	781	85	25	1149	25	No
Ledsham	1971	125	60	10103	60	Yes
Ledston	1985	346	146	28602	146	Yes
Lotherton-cum-Aberford	1093	237	91	3615	91	Yes
Micklefield	1773	1860	697	33852	697	Yes
Newton Kyme	1373	236	85	36767	85	Part
Oxton	660	40	13	1018	13	No
Parlington	1773	141	55	2135	55	Yes
Ryther-cum-Ozendyke	2707	325	82	8143	81	Part
Saxton-cum-Scarthingwell	2720	294	104	8761	104	No
Sherburn-in-Elmet	4859	2776	1141	128612	1141	Yes
South Milford	3100	1042	545	53140	545	Yes
Steeton	1142	44	15	1765	15	No
Sturton Grange	877	34	10	731	10	No
Stutton-cum-Hazlewood	2795	359	334	21527	334	Part
Swillington	2585	2438	1224	92321	1224	Yes
Towton	887	132	37	1703	37	Yes
Ulleskelf	1322	1162	240	49480	238	Yes
West Tadcaster	1500	2135	1147	178665	1147	Yes
TOTALS	72978	26689	12331	1100638	12306	

Gas and Electricity Hereditaments

28994

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1129632

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# NEW HOUSING CONSTRUCTION - 1970

## HOUSING STATISTICS

(Table 1) given below, indicates in Parish order where the new houses (233 in total) were completed, and it also shows the new dwellings under construction at the end of the year. The private development has taken place mainly in the Parishes of Appleton Roebuck and Copmanthorpe.

58 Council Houses were completed during the year, and Mr. H.C. Harrison,, the Council's Housing Manager, informs me that at the end of the year the total number of dwellings controlled by the Council was 3,006, and that the revised number of applicants for tenancy of Council houses was 485.

HOUSING STATISTICS - TABLE I

PARISH	NEW HOUSES COMPLETED		NEW HOUSES UNDER CONSTRUCTION	
	COUNCIL	PRIVATE	COUNCIL	PRIVATE
Aberford	-	2	-	-
Acaster Malbis	-	1	-	-
Appleton Roebuck	-	20	-	13
Askham Bryan	-	6	-	3
Askham Richard	-	2	-	-
Barwick-in-Elmet	8	14	-	5
Bilbrough	-	1	2	-
Bishopthorpe	-	10	-	29
Bolton Percy	-	6	-	3
Catterton	-	1	-	-
Church Fenton	-	2	-	1
Copmanthorpe	-	35	-	5
East Tadcaster	-	13	-	26
Great and Little Preston	-	-	-	10
Healaugh	-	-	-	2
Ledsham	-	-	-	2
Ledston	-	11	-	1
Lotherton-cum-Aberford	-	6	-	-
Micklefield	24	-	-	3
Ryther-cum-Ozendyke	-	1	-	-
Saxton-cum-Scarthingwell	-	4	-	1
Sherburn-in-Elmet	-	19	-	4
South Milford	-	-	-	5
Stutton-cum-Hazlewood	-	3	24	4
Swillington	26	12	-	10
Towton	-	1	-	-
Uilleskelf	-	1	-	-
West Tadcaster	-	4	25	3
	58	175	51	131

233

182

## TADCASTER RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL

## HOUSING ACTS 1936 to 1957

Table 2 (Housing Statistics) given below indicates in the first Column the number of dwellings in each parish which are likely subjects for Demolition in the four year period commencing January, 1970. Succeeding columns indicate the progress made.

	No. of houses represented or likely to be in 4 year period.	No. rep- resented 1970	No. of D.O.'s or C.O.'s made incl. C.O.'s 1970	No. Dem- olished under D.O. or C.O.. 1970	No. Houses Demolished Voluntarily 1970
Aberford	8	-	-	-	-
Acaster Malbis	0	-	-	-	-
Acaster Selby	0	-	-	-	-
Appleton Roebuck	2	1	1	-	-
Askham Bryan	0	-	-	-	-
Askham Richard	2	-	-	-	-
Austhorpe	0	-	-	-	-
Barkston Ash	4	-	-	-	-
Barwick-in-Elmet	8	2	2	2	-
Biggin	2	-	-	-	-
Bilbrough	1	-	-	-	-
Bishopthorpe	0	-	-	-	-
Bolton Percy	2	2	-	1	-
Catterton	0	-	-	-	-
Church Fenton	15	-	-	1	-
Colton	0	-	-	-	-
Copmanthorpe	4	-	-	-	-
East Tadcaster	15	4	2	8	10
Great and Little Preston	0	-	-	-	-
Grimston	0	-	-	-	-
Healaugh	3	-	-	-	-
Huddleston-with-Newthorpe	0	-	-	-	-
Kirkby Wharfe	0	-	-	-	-
Lead	0	-	-	-	-
Little Fenton	0	-	-	-	-
Ledsham	5	2	2	-	-
Ledston	1	-	-	-	-
Lotherton-cum-Aberford	5	-	5	-	-
Micklefield	0	-	-	-	-
Newton Kyme	0	-	-	-	-
Oxton	0	-	-	-	-
Parlington	2	-	-	-	-
Ryther-cum-Ozendyke	1	-	-	-	-
Saxton-cum-Scarthingwell	0	-	-	-	-
Sherburn-in-Elmet	5	-	-	2	-
South Milford	2	-	-	-	1
Steeton	0	-	-	-	-
Sturton Grange	0	1	1	1	-
Stutton-cum-Hazlewood	2	-	-	2	-
Swillington	7	1	1	-	-
Towton	3	-	-	-	-
Ulleskelf	5	-	-	-	-
West Tadcaster	9	-	-	5	-
TOTAL	113	13	14	22	11

## PART III - CLEARANCE AREAS

One Clearance Order was confirmed by the Minister in June, Lotherton (Oliver Cottages) Clearance Order No. 1. 1969.

# HOUSING (FINANCIAL PROVISIONS) ACTS, 1958-1959

## HOUSING ACTS 1964 and 1969

During the year the following Improvement Grant Works to dwellings were completed.

Aberford	3	
Appleton Roebuck	10	
Askham Bryan	1	
Askham Richard	1	
Barwick-in-Elmet	6	
Bilbrough	4	
Bishopthorpe	4	
Bolton Percy	6	
Church Fenton	1	
Colton	1	
Kirkby Wharfe	1	
Ledston	1	
Micklefield	5	
Newton Kyme	1	
Saxton	1	(2 into 1)
Sherburn-in-Elmet	4	
South Milford	3	
Stutton	1	
Tadcaster East	3	
Tadcaster West	5	
Ulleskelf	10	
TOTAL	72	

66 applications were made for Improvement of Standard Grants. 60 were approved and 6 not approved.

No improvement areas were declared by the Council.

There were 45 applications for Qualification Certificates, 6 were approved, 1 provisionally approved, 1 withdrawn and 37 under consideration.

### PRIVY REPLACEMENTS

The following list in parish order indicates where replacements were made during the year.

Appleton Roebuck	11
Askham Richard	1
Bilbrough	1
Bolton Percy	7
Church Fenton	1
Colton	1
Kirkby Wharfe	1
Saxton	11
Ulleskelf	4
TOTAL	38

### DRAINAGE, SEWAGE AND SEWAGE DISPOSAL

Table 1, shown earlier in the report indicates parishes which are provided with sewerage and sewage disposal facilities, but only those works at Bilbrough, Healaugh, Ledsham, Ledston Luck, Towton and Tadcaster for domestic sewage treatment (which now includes treatment of sewage from Stutton, Appleton Roebuck, Bolton Percy, Colton and Ulleskelf);, can be regarded as satisfactory. The following sewage disposal works are from time to time overloaded - Askham Bryan, Barwick-in-Elmet, Micklefield, Sherburn-in-Elmet and Swillington. Certain parts of the district still have sewers and disposal works which are inadequate and at times give cause for complaint.

### APPLETON ROEBUCK, BOLTON PERCY AND COLTON.

This scheme was completed during the year and all properties within reach of the sewers are connected.



## SHERBURN-IN-ELMET AND SOUTH MILFORD

The scheme for improving the sewerage facilities at Sherburn-in-Elmet and South Milford, and the abandonment of existing sewage works at these villages for a new works at Lennerton near Sherburn-in-Elmet has been approved. Consultant Engineers hope to ask for tenders in April, 1971. This scheme will also provide sewerage facilities for Barkston, Church Fenton and Saxton.

## BARKSTON ASH, CHURCH FENTON AND SAXTON

The original scheme for these three villages approved in principal several years ago provided for a separate treatment works at Barkston. This idea was abandoned in favour of a new large disposal works at Lennerton near Sherburn-in-Elmet as mentioned above. The scheme was subject of a Ministry Enquiry in February last year at which the Inspector requested further information on existing sewerage facilities at Church Fenton. The survey has been completed for submission. The consultants propose to ask for tenders in Autumn 1971.

## ASKHAM RICHARD

The Council's Engineer and Surveyor has prepared a scheme for the enlargement of works at Askham Bryan and for a pumping scheme to take sewage from Askham Richard. The scheme received approval during this year, owing to financial reasons it will be Autumn 1971 when tenders are invited.

## ABERFORD

Work has continued through the year on the new works which should be completed in April 1971.

## ACASTER MALBIS

The Council's Engineer and Surveyor has prepared a scheme for sewerage the village, the sewage to be pumped to the York Works at Naburn. A tender has been accepted for this scheme and work should commence in March 1971.

## TADCASTER TRADE WASTE SEWAGE DISPOSAL WORK

The Ministry's Inspector in considering this system has indicated that he would require an outline scheme for the provision of a works to deal with trade effluent within two years.

## TADCASTER TRADE WASTE SEWERAGE

This scheme was approved in September 1969 and work will commence in January 1971

## BOWERS ROW SEWAGE DISPOSAL WORKS

Owing to opencast workings by the National Coal Board it is proposed that a pumping station will discharge the sewage into Garforth Urban District Council's sewer, thus disposing of need for the Bowers Row Works.

Some of the smaller remote parishes and villages still lack sewage facilities, and it is not possible to forecast when these may be provided.

## WATER SUPPLY

### GROUPING OF WATER UNDERTAKINGS

On the 1st April, 1960 the major portion of the Council's water undertaking was transferred to Leeds Corporation. The remainder of the Council's water undertaking, i.e. those Parishes in the Ainsty area of the District supplied by the York Waterworks Company, were transferred to the Company on the 1st April, 1963.

### SOURCES CONTROLLED BY LEEDS CORPORATION

#### BILBROUGH

This is the original Tadcaster supply and has now been shut down.

#### DERWENT SUPPLY

This water is abstracted from the River Derwent at Elvington, about seven miles to the south-east of York, and the scheme so far as your district is concerned came into operation in the early part of 1965. With the exception of most of the parish of Barwick-in-Elmet and a small portion of the parish of Swillington, Derwent water is supplied to all parts of the Rural District served by the Corporation. It is filtered and chlorinated by the Corporation, and has an average degree of hardness of six.

#### LEEDS MOORLAND SUPPLY

This water is derived from the Corporation's reservoirs in the Washburn Valley near Blubberhouses, and also



from the Leighton reservoir near Masham. Being a moorland water it is very soft and extremely suitable for domestic use. It is filtered and chlorinated by the Corporation. In its raw state the water is slightly acid in reaction and four samples from a lead service pipe were taken in the area for plumbo solvency examination; all being reported as satisfactory.

#### DISTRIBUTION

The Leeds Corporation water is supplied to the following parishes:- Aberford, Austhorpe, Barkston Ash, Barwick-in-Elmet, Bilbrough, Catterton, East Tadcaster, Great and Little Preston, Grimston, Kirk Fenton, Kirkby Wharfe, Huddleston-with-Newthorpe, Lead, Ledsham, Little Fenton, Ledston, Lotherton, Micklefield, Newton Kyme, Oton, Parlington, Ryther-cum-Ozendyke, Saxton, Sherburn-in-Elmet, South Milford, Biggin, Healaugh, Steeton, Sturton Grange, Stutton, Swillington, Towton, Ulleskelf and West Tadcaster.

#### YORK WATERWORKS COMPANY

The Company derives its water from the River Ouse, at Clifton, York. It is distributed to the following parishes:- Acaster Malbis, Acaster Selby, Appleton Roebuck, Askham Bryan, Askham Richard, Bolton Percy, Colton and Copmanthorpe. The parish of Bishopthorpe is supplied direct by the Company who levy and collect the water rate in this parish.

It is possible when necessary, for the above parishes with the exception of the parishes of Acaster Malbis and Bishopthorpe to be supplied from the mains now controlled by the Leeds Corporation.

The York water is filtered and chlorinated by the Company and has a hardness figure of 11 - 14 deg.

#### WATER SUPPLY - GENERAL

In the more remote areas of the Rural District some of the houses depend on wells for their water supply. There are also five private boreholes supplying small groups of houses. Twenty one specimens were taken for bacteriological examination and of these 4 were found unsatisfactory, these four samples were from the same source and were due to storage tanks being improperly kept. After cleaning out and sterilizing an improvement was found.

From the mains supplies 35 specimens were taken for bacteriological examination and all were found satisfactory.

The water supply throughout the district continued to be satisfactory in respect to quantity and quality.

#### REFUSE COLLECTION AND DISPOSAL

The staff is made up as follows:-

- 1 - Foreman
- 1 - Assistant Foreman (also Rodent Operative)
- 6 - Drivers
- 20 - Loaders
- 1 - Spare Driver ) employed in Garage when not
- 1 - Spare Loader ) on refuse collection
- 1 - Tip man (mechanical shovel driver)

The number of vehicles:-

- 2 - S&D Fore & Aft tippers with presser plates fitted with bulk container loading gear (35 cu.yds.)
- 1 - S & D Fore & Aft tipper with presser plate (35 cu.yds.) spare.
- 5 - S & D Pakamatics (50 cu. yds.) one of which is spare
- 1 - S & D Fore & Aft tipper (20 cu. yds.) (over 7 years old, taken off road kept for emergency only)
- 1 - Weatherill Shovel
- 1 - Bedford 15 cwt. van (Foreman's van)
- 1 - Austin Mini Van (Rodent Operative/Assistant Foreman)

#### COLLECTION PERIOD

Refuse is collected weekly and it has been possible to rigidly maintain this frequency since the implementation of the Incentive Bonus Scheme for Refuse Collection.

The number of ashpits and pail closets are steadily diminishing, there are, however, still 42 ashpits and 125 pails in the area.

## BULK REFUSE CONTAINERS

There are now 60 Bulk Containers in service, chiefly at hotels, schools and trade premises. This service has been developed during the year. A charge is made for this service.

## DISPOSAL

Approximately two thirds of the Rural Districts refuse is disposed of by Controlled Tipping at Ellarfield, Sherburn and Ledston Tip. The Scarthingwell tip at Saxton, and Jerry Lane tip at Micklegate are not in use for tipping. The Scarthingwell tip is being allowed to rest and the Jerry Lane tip gradually being dug out and the stabilised refuse used for covering material at Ledston tip which will eventually leave Jerry Lane available for tipping again.

The remaining third of the districts refuse is disposed of at the Pulverisation Plant operated by Wetherby Rural District Council at Thorp Arch.

## VEHICLE MAINTENANCE DEPOT

The maintenance depot was started in February and has proved to be of great value in keeping the vehicles in good order and reducing lost time by vehicle troubles to a minimum.

The depot is manned by one fitter assisted by the spare driver and loader when available.

## FOOD ADMINISTRATION

### MEAT INSPECTION

#### SHERBURN BACON FACTORY

During the year our Public Health Inspectors and Authorised Meat Inspectors have made 770 visits and 52 hours overtime were worked..

The following is a summary of the number of pigs killed,, together with the amount of meat condemned:-

Number of pigs slaughtered	84,716				
		Tons	cwts	qrs.	lbs.
Condemned: Whole carcasses	468	22	17	1	27
Part carcasses	2,586	6	9	2	26
Heads	178		19	-	3
Guts	5,729	20	2	-	7
Livers	7,362	11	17	3	10
Lungs	17,544	27	2	1	20
		<hr/>			
Total		89	8	2	9
		<hr/>			

### PRIVATE SLAUGHTERHOUSES

During the year 883 visits were made to slaughterhouses and shops and 3 hours overtime was worked.

The following is a summary of the number of animals slaughtered and the amount of meat condemned:-

	311	Bullocks	19,999	Sheep			
	160	Heifers	605	Pigs			
	65	Calves					
	No.		Tons	Cwts.	qrs.	lbs.	
Condemned:-	Calves	2			2	18	
	Sheep	31		10	1	13	
	Pigs	1			3	14	
	Collective items						
	of offal	1,887	1	14	1	7	
			<hr/>				
			2	6	0	24	
			<hr/>				

## POULTRY INSPECTION

There are two poultry slaughtering establishments in the district's area and the average weekly throughput is 200.

## GENERAL

80 visits were made in conjunction with the inspection of miscellaneous foods, and the following were condemned:-

218 tins and packets of miscellaneous food the weight of which was 343 lbs.

Legal proceedings were taken against one shopkeeper for the sale of unsound food which resulted in fines totalling £100 being imposed in respect of four offences.

## FOOD HYGIENE REGULATIONS

Given below are some of the details of the various premises and work in connection with them during the year:-

### FOOD PREMISES

No. of Grocers Shops	94
No. of Butchers Shops	23
No. of Other Food Premises	36
No. of Licensed Premises	84

### REGISTERED FOOD PREMISES

Sale of Ice Cream	92
Manufacture of Ice Cream,, Sausages, Pies, etc.	18
Fried Fish Premises	13

448 visits were made to the various premises and 90 contraventions of the Food Hygiene Regulations were remedied after informal action.

Legal proceedings under the Regulations were taken during the year against two shopkeepers, one was fined a total of £160 and the other £32

## GENERAL SANITATION

### ABATEMENT OF NUISANCES AND REPAIRS TO DWELLINGS ETC.

Following service of informal notices work in connection with 29 of these has been carried out. These included such items as dampness, repairs to floors, fallpipes and gutters etc.

### NOISE ABATEMENT ACT 1960

One Abatement Notice under the provisions of the Noise Abatement Act and Section 93 of the Public Health Act 1936 was served.

### COMMON LODGING HOUSE

2 visits were made to the only Common Lodging House in the District and conditions were generally good.

### DISINFESTATION,, ETC.

10 Visits were made and 26 rooms were disinfected and 24 rooms disinfectated.

### RODENT CONTROL

A total of 937 visits were made by the Rodent Operative and the Public Health Inspectors; 539 infestations were treated. The methods of Rodent Control are those recommended by the Ministry of Agriculture, Fisheries and Food.

### NATIONAL ASSISTANCE ACT 1948, SECTION 50

It was necessary to arrange for the burial of the body of a man found at Askham Bryan.

## EMPTYING OF SEPTIC TANKS

During the year 250 septic tanks were emptied, the machine being hired from a neighbouring authority.

## OFFICES, SHOPS AND RAILWAY PREMISES ACT

The following tables indicate the premises registered under the above Act and the the work done during the year:-

### REGISTRATION AND GENERAL INSPECTIONS

Class of Premises	Number of premises registered during the year	Number of registered premises at end of year	Number of registered premises receiving a general inspection during the year.
Offices	-	27	10
Retail Shops	11	90	72
Wholesale Shops, Warehouses	-	1	1
Catering Establishments open to the public, canteens.	1	22	22
Fuel Storage Depots	-	-	-
TOTALS	12	140	105

TOTAL NUMBER OF VISITS OF ALL KINDS BY INSPECTORS TO REGISTERED PREMISES UNDER THE ACT 135

### ANALYSIS OF CONTRAVENTION

Section	Number of Contraventions found	Section	Number of Contraventions found
4	Cleanliness 8	13	Sitting facilities -
5	Overcrowding -	14	Seats (Sedentary Workers) -
6	Temperature 12	15	Eating Facilities -
7	Ventilation 8	16	Floors, passage & stairs 10
8	Lighting 2	17	Fencing exposed parts machinery 9
9	Sanitary conveniences 8	18	Protection of young persons from dangerous machinery -
10	Washing facilities 11	19	Training of young persons working at dangerous machinery -
11	Supply of drinking water -	23	Prohibition of heavy work -
12	Clothing accommodation -	24	First aid 6
			Other matters -
		TOTAL	74

2 non fatal accidents were reported and investigated.

### CLEAN AIR ACT 1956 - 1958

15 visits were made in connection with the Act, no statutory action was required.

### FURNACES. SECTION 3 1956 ACT

The number of applications for prior approval was ...	...	5
The number of applications to instal new plant was ..	...	5
The number of cases in which alterations were required ...	...	0
The number of applications approved ...	...	5



## ARRESTMENT PLANT. SECTION 6 1968 ACT

Number of plans submitted	...	...	0
Number of plans approved	...	...	0

## CHIMNEY HEIGHTS. SECTION 6 1968 ACT

Number of applications	...	...	...	1
Number approved	..	...	...	1

## FACTORIES ACT

## 1. INSPECTIONS for purposes of provisions as to health.

Premises	Number on Register	Number of Inspections	Number of Written Notices	Number of Occupiers Prosecuted
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
(i) Factories in which Sections 1, 2, 3, 4 and 6 are to be enforced by Local Authorities .....	1	2	-	-
(ii) Factories not included in (i) in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority .....	111	40	-	-
(iii) Other premises in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority (excluding outworkers' premises) .....	23	12	-	-
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>135</b>	<b>54</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>

## 2. Cases in which DEFECTS WERE found

Particulars	No. of cases in which defects were found				Number of cases in which Prosecutions were instituted	
	Found	Remedied	Referred:			
			to H.M. Inspector	by H.M. Inspector		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	
Want of cleanliness (S.1)	-	-	-	-	-	
Overcrowding (S.2)	-	-	-	-	-	
Unreasonable temperature (S.3)	-	-	-	-	-	
Inadequate ventilation (S.4)	-	-	-	-	-	
Ineffective drainage of floors (S.6)	-	-	-	-	-	
Sanitary Conveniences (S.7)						
(a) Insufficient	2	2	-	-	-	
(b) Unsuitable or defective	1	1	-	-	-	
(c) Not separate for sexes	-	-	-	-	-	
Other offences against the Act (not including offences relating to Outwork)	-	-	-	-	-	
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	





